



CERTIFIED ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN LEVEL 1 EXAMINATION

L1.5: ECONOMICS AND THE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

TUESDAY: 4 JUNE 2019

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. **Time Allowed: 3 hours 15 minutes** (15 minutes reading and 3 hours writing).
- 2. This examination has **seven** questions and only **five** questions are to be attempted.
- 3. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.
- 4. Show all your workings

QUESTION ONE

Explain the advantages of a mixed economy. (4 Marks) (a) (i) Describe instances where opportunity cost is applied in Rwanda. (4 Marks) (ii) Explain the factors limiting capital accumulation in Rwanda. (b) (i) (6 Marks) (ii) Describe the measures that are being taken to increase capital accumulation in Rwanda. (6 Marks) (Total 20 Marks) **QUESTION TWO** State the features of firms operating under monopolistic competition. (a) (i) (5 Marks) Describe the non-price competition methods being used by firms under monopolistic (ii) competition. (5 Marks) Distinguish between trade creation and trade diversion. (2 Marks) (b) (i) (ii) Explain the causes of balance of payments deficit in Rwanda. (8 Marks) (Total 20 Marks) **QUESTION THREE** (a) (i) Define the term 'factor payments" giving four examples. (5 Marks) Given that Karemera has an actual earning of Frw 530,000 and transfer earnings of Frw 320,000; determine his economic rent. (3 Marks) Distinguish between elasticity of demand and price elasticity of demand. (2 Marks) (b) (i) Explain the factors which lead to high elasticity of demand for a commodity. (ii) (10 Marks) (Total 20 Marks) **QUESTION FOUR** Differentiate between national income at factor cost and national income at (a) (i) market price. (2 Marks) Discuss the problems faced when computing price indices in Rwanda. (8 Marks) (ii) Distinguish between a residual wage and a subsistence wage. (2 Marks) (b) (i) (ii) Explain the causes of wage differentials among workers in Rwanda. (8 Marks) (Total 20 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE

- (a) (i) Describe the assumptions underlying the process of credit creation. (4 Marks)
 - (ii) Explain the limitations of the process of credit creation in developing countries.

(6 Marks)

(b) (i) Differentiating between a fixed exchange rate and a floating exchange rate.

(2 Marks)

(ii) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of a floating exchange rate system in an economy. (8 Marks)

(Total 20 Marks)

QUESTION SIX

- (a) (i) Distinguish between consumption multiplier and investment multiplier. (2 Marks)
 - (ii) Describe the methods that can be used to improve the standards of living in Rwanda. (10 Marks)
- (b) (i) Differentiate between horizontal merging and vertical merging of firms. (2 Marks)
 - (ii) Explain the limitations of Fishers' quantity theory of money in a modern economy.

(6 Marks)

(Total 20 Marks)

QUESTION SEVEN

Explain:

(a) the reasons why private ownership of business enterprise is highly recommended in Rwanda.

(5 Marks)

- (b) the role of fiscal policy as a tool of economic development in Rwanda. (10 Marks)
- (c) why Rwanda would choose industrial development strategy over agricultural development strategy. (5 Marks)
 (Total 20 Marks)

